Any subscriber wishing his paper discontinued at the end of the year, must pay up in full and give the proprietors two weeks notice, otherwise the paper will be continued and

harged for according to the above terms. Any person sending us five NEW subscribers, accompanied with the advance subscription, (\$1250,) will receive the ixth copy gratis, for one year. legistered Letters, containing money for this paper, at our

All letters on business connected with this office, must be lidressed (post paid) to the proprietors.

Professional and Business Cards. DAVID E. BUNTING,

NSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, WILWINGTON, N. C. Will pay strict attention to all business in his line. He solicits a share of public patronage, which he hopes to merit

JAMES E. KEA, SURGEON DENTIST, Corner of Market and Second Streets, up Stairs, WILMINGTON, N. C. IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE WISH

many of my former patrons and friends, I modern improvements, thereby competing with any Dental establishment either North or South; and in order more effectually to meet the wants of the community, I have seeffectually to meet the wants of the community, I have secured the association of Dr. E. Perkins, whose testimonials of character and skill at once entitle him to the confidence and patronage of the public. The rooms are now open.

OILS! OILS!!—Just Received a fresh supply of Linescharacter and skill at once entitle him to the confidence oils. For sale by W. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist. of character and skill at once entitle him to the confidence Call and have examinations made and advice given free of June 12, 1857 .- 41-1m

C. POLVOGT. Upholsterer, Princess, between Front & Water Sts.,

WILMINGTON, N. C. EEPS constantly on hand SPRING, HAIR, MOSS. A COTTON, SHUCK AND STRAW MATTRASSES AND PILLOWS, which he offers wholesale and retail cheap for eash. FEATHER BEDS, CHAIR CUSHIONS, LOUNGES, made to order. SOFAS and CHAIRS repholstered at short notice and moderate prices. April 24, 1857

ALFRED ALDERMAN, INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, WALMINGTON, N. C. Will give prompt attention to all business in his line. Feb. 20th, 1857

/ June 17

JAMES O. BOWDEN. NSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, April 4, 1856.—[31-tf.] GEO. W. ROSE, TARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR.

WILMINGTON, N. C. S. M. WEST, UCTIONEER and Commission Merchant, Wilmington, N ...

JOSEPH L. KEEN,

N.B. To Distillers of Turpentine,—he is prepared to ut up Stills at the shortest notice. [May 20—37-1y] put up Stills at the shortest notice. WILLIAM H. LIPPITT,

ATHOLESALE and Retall Druggist, and Dealer in VV Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and

W. H. McKOY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER AND FOR-WARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, SOUTH WATER STREET, 6 doors below Market. Particular attention paid to the sale of Naval Stores Liberal advances made on consignment.

LAW NOTICE.

MESSRS. SMITH & CUTLAR, Attorneys at Law, will nenceforth occupy an office directly opposite the Court louse, in Wilmington, and practice in co-partnership in the county of New Hanover. Mr. Smith would inform his clients in the adjoining counties, that Mr. Cutlar will act for him whilst absent on the circuit, and ean always be found at the office. July 25, 1856 .--- tf

WILMINGTON MARBLE WORKS,

Wilmington, N. C. W. G. MILLIGAN, Proprietor, respectfully informs the G. MILLIGAN, Proprietor, respectfully informs the public, that he is prepared to make and put up to or- ers, in all the various branches of a thorough Female Eduder-Marble Monuments of all sizes, Tombs, Head-Stones, Furniture Tops, Mantles, Hearths, &c., of the best quality of American or Italian Marble, not to be surpassed in style or workmanship, and as cheap as can be procured from any stablishment in the country, North or South. Iron Railing-50 different styles for inclosing family lots,

rom 75 cents to \$10 per foot, furnished and put up to order. N. B .- Orders from all parts of the country, accompanied y the cash or satisfactory reference, will receive prompt atention; and all articles warranted to be as recommended, or | the 26th January. Address. no charge made. Nov. 23d .- [12-tf. NEGROES WANTED.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS IN MARKET FOR A number of likely Negroes, MEN AND WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS, for which the highest cash Those having such property to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call on the subscriber, at Wilmington. DAVID J. SOUTHERLAND.

June 27th, 1856. LOOK UP YE DISCONSOLATE. miles west of Society Hill, Darlington, South Carolina. It do not effect a cure, my services and board will be gratuitously bestowed. I will attend to any call until the 15th of lune, thence will decline until the 15th September; my ob-

Spring Boarding House, Wilmington, N. C.
J. O. HALE, M. D. Jan. 16th, 1857.

A LL PERSONS ARE HEREBY FOREWARNED from tresspassing, in any manner, on my lands in Columbus county, N. C., under the penalty of the law. Sept. 20, 1855.—3-tf A. C. DICKENSON

TO MILL OWNERS AND OTHERS. THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS METHOD OF INforming the public that he continues the Mill-Wright and Machinist business in their various branches. Founderitting up engines and their necessary machinery, Hotchkiss purchaser giving note with approved security water wheels, centre discharge wheels, Barker's wheels, over shot wheels or under shot, or breast wheels, or any other water wheels in use, Circular or upright Saws, Grist Flouring Mills, Bolting Reels, Elevators, Smut Machines, Horse Powers, Corn Crushers, Cotton Gins, Corn Shellers. hose wishing work done in the above line would do well Oak Lumber can be procured here. to give me a call. I return my sincere thanks for the lib-

or further information address the subscriber at Pollocks-D. B. JOHNSON, Sept. 26th, 1856. (4-ly) Mill-Wright and Machinist. LATEST NEWS FROM THE SEAT OF WAR THE subscribers having erected a STEAM SAW MILL.

share of patronage from * he public generally.

TAYLOR, LINTON & CO. Jan. 11th .- [19-1y.

FLOUR! FLOUR!! BBLS. Family, Super, Cross and Fine. Low for rates cash, at GEO. H. KELLEY & BRO'S. SC 100 cash, at

eral patronage received heretofore

May 15.

RALEIGH PAPER MILLS.

Rags Wanted. TO BE DELIVERED AT THE RAILROAD STA-L tions or at my warehouse in Raleigh, or they will be taken from the different stores in the State. Merchants and others buying rags will please advise me when they have a quantity on hand, or will send them to their nearest Railroad station, as I can still afford to pay the highest price in cash on delivery from store or at Railroad station, either in bank bills, cheeks or Northern funds.

Reference--- Cashiers of our Banks in Raleigh, and the principal North-Carolina and Virginia Merchants. C. W. BENEDICT. N. B. Constantly on hand paper suitable for Cotton

Factories and newspaper wrappers. Cotton waste wanted. March 20th, 1857 NOTICE.

two miles east from Kenansville, containing upwards of 200 on the 15th day of June, 1857.
ACRES, 60 of which are cleared, and the remainder one young Orchard, a good Dwelling and good water on the " premises. The lands will be shown to any person desiring it by the subscriber or Mr. Richard S. Stanly, who resides near the premises. Six months credit will be given, good security will be required. WM. J. HOUSTON.

June 12, 1857.-41-ts HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WITH ME IN the Hardware Business, in Wilmington, my son C E. ROBINSON. The business will hereafter be conducted un-"the firm of J. M. ROBINSON & SON.

Wilmington, Jan. 1st, 1856

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER: Devoted to Politics, the Markets, Foreign and Domestic News, Agriculture, Commerce, and General Information. TERMS: \$2 50IN ADVANCE

Now, did anybody ever hear of so monstrous an defending him A painful excitement is in this community and from Hyde, affirming judgment. roughout the country far around, as to the fate of By Prasson, J. In Knight v. Knight on equity, assertion of the principle of squader sovereigniv as

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

JUST RECEIVED .-- 10,000 lbs. White Lead, Pure, Extra and No. 1; 1,000 lbs. Black Lead, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Venetian Red, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Yellow Ochre, in Oil; 25 bbls. Blake's Fire Proof Paint; 40 bbls. Silver's Plastic Paint; 10 bbls. Linseed Oil; 5 bbls. Lamp Oil; 5 bbls. Common and in Oil; 200 by Chrome Yellow, Dry, and in Oil. A full assortment of PAINTS always on hand and for sale, wholesale and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT, wholesale and retail, by

Druggist and Chemist. BOXES Window Glass, assorted sizes and brands, for sale at Manufacturer's prices, by WM. H. L'PPITT, Druggist and Chemist.

OZ. Sulph. Quinine 10 bbls. Epsom Salts; 1 eask 200 Cr. Tartar; I cask Sup. Carb. Snda; 50 lbs. Seidlitz Mixture; 10 lbs. Rochelle Salts; 50 lbs. Gum Opiumi; have determined to resume the practice of Den- 50 lbs. Gum Guaiacum; 1 bbl. Gum Camphor; 500 Black tistry, and have secured the elegant rooms of Dr. K. Spencer, and had them thoroughly refitted, adding a larger Laboratory for the manufacture of Artificial Teeth with all the boratory for the manufacture of Artificial Teeth with all the lbs. Rhubarb; 50 lbs. Ipccac.

JAS L. NEWKIKK

Pepper; 300 Alspice; 50 lbs. Calomel; 50 lbs. Nutmegs; 25 lbs. Iodid Potass; 50 lbs. Mace; 10 lbs Sulph. Potass; 100 lbs. Rhubarb; 50 lbs. Rhubarb; 50 lbs. Ipccac. For sale wholesale and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT,

Druggist and Chemist.

Schools.

NORTH CAROLINA INSTITUTION TOR THE DEAF AND DUMB AND THE BLIND, I Raleigh N. C .- Session of 1857-'58. Board of Directors: WILLIAM H. McKEE, M. D., President. H. YOUNG, A. M. LEWIS S. H. YOUNG,

J. C. PALMER Q BUSBEE, Officers of the Institution. WM. D. COOKE, A. M., Principal JAS. A. WADDELL, M. D., Vice-Principal

Teachers in the Deaf and Dumb Department GEORGE E. KETCHAM, CHARLES M. GROW. Teachers in the Blind Department : Waddell, M. D., Mrs. S. C. Waddell, Miss M. E. COOKE.

Mas. L. E. Grow, Matron, Mas. S. Lettle, Housek'r, S. LITTLE, Steward The next session of this Institution will commence on the first Monday of September. Any intelligent and healthy white resident of the State, between the ages of 8 and 20, whether Deaf and Dumb or Blind, may, if the means of education are wanting, be admitted to the school free of charge. The terms for others may be learned from the Principal .-Such pupils as are capable of decided improvement, are not only instructed in the ordinary branches of a common education, but receive such accomplishments as may best fit person of harboring said negro. T. H. WILLIAMS. ONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, respectfully informs them for success in life. Music, drawing, needle-work, bead-U the public, that he is prepared to take contracts in his work, and suitable handicraft arts will form as considerble ne of business. He keeps constantly on hand, LIME, CE- part of the course through which they pass. Careful attention will be paid to their religious, moral, and physical im-MENT, PLASTER, PLASTERING HAIR, Philadelphia Press Brick, provement, and every effort will be made, not only to render them comfortable, but to promote their highest welfare -Pupils should by all means enter early in September. For any information in regard to the Institution, address, WM. D. COOK, Principal,

OLIN HIGH SCHOOL. Market street, immediately opposite SHAW's old stand, Wil- ITHIS institution, located in the North-eastern part manner, for eash only. of Iredell County, N. C., will re-open its exercises on the 22d of July, under the Presidency of the Rev. B. Clegg, assisted by accomplished teachers.

Board and Tuition will range from \$55 to \$65 per session of five months. Tuition always in advance. Those coming from a distance will find Salisbury a convenient point to obtain conveyance. Arrangements have been made with W. B. Grant, Proprietor of the Mansion House, for the convenience of Students. For further information, address Key. B. CLEGG, Olin, Iredell County, N. C.

NEW FEMALE SEMINARY. HE TRUSTEES of the Kenansville Female Seminary, having erected during the past year a large, elegant and convenient Building, have now the satisfaction of announcing to the citizens of Duplin and the neighboring counties, that they have succeeded in securing, as principal, the services of T. Oscar Rogers, Esq., a graduate of the University of Virginia; an able scholar, and an experienced and successful Teacher. He will be prepared to open the Seminary on Monday 26th

The rates of Tuition will, in no case, exceed those in similies of the first respectability, and in the immediate vicinity of the Seminary.

The subscriber will attend to all applications made previous to the arrival of the Principal. of which the Subscriber is Principal, will also commence on

REV. JAMES M. SPRUNT Kenansville, Dec. 11th, 1856.

General Notices.

Coach and Carriage Manufactory-Clinton, N. C. FOLD ROBIN HOOD respectfully informs the citizens of Sampson county and public generally, he, having recently been partially burnt out, has rebuilt; the provision of the new charter, that the State might and his establishment is now in full operation in all its various branches. He is prepared to put up the PATENT A NY PERSON who may be suffering with any thing of a SPRING BUGGY, having purchased the rightfor the country of Sampson; and hopes by strict attention to business to are required to pay theirs in specie or its equivalent merit a share of public patronage. He warrants all his work Should the Bank hold the bonds, they would yield to be made of the very best materials, and should any of it only 6 per cent. interest, whilst, if the profits of the fail in twelve months with fair usage, either in workmanship Bank were S per cent the State would get that or material, it will be repaired without charge. Persous ject is to secure safety to the patient. I reserve the second wishing to buy would do well to call and examine for themweek in March, which time I may be found at the Rock selves, as he does not intend to be surpassed for style, ele- banked upon, the extra 2 per cent received by the gance and durability.

REPAIRING done in the neatest manner, at short notice. Mill Ink and Gudgeons, made and warranted for ten years, for \$10. Clinton, May 9, 1856-36-tf.

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the County Court of New Hanover County, June Term, I shall, on SATURDAY, the 25th day of July next, at Simpson's Still, in said county, proceed to sell, at public auction, a tract of land belonging to the late Robt. T. Henry, containing 108 acres, lying on James Simpson, Mrs. Catharine Larkins and Joel L. Moore. ing, Framing, erecting Water or Steam Mills, erecting and Terms of sale, six months credit, with interest from sale, the GEO. ALDERMAN, Adm'r.

June 19 .- - 243-2t&43 ts.]

THE PARTNERSHIP OF H. W. & L. G. GRADY, On application I will order and creet any of the above I is by mutual consent dissolved, and H. W. Grady has Mr. Myers, (who was in the Senate from Mecklenyears and have several experienced workmen in my em- I hankful for past favors, he hopes to share the patronage of ployment. I am versed in the various improvements .- | all in want of Lumber. A considerable quantity of Red

belonging to H. W. Grady & Co., is yet in operation, and deliver Lumber at White Hall, whereby porsons up and a loan of \$200,000 from the Bank might be so condown Neuse River can be readily supplied.

are prepared to fill bills of any kind or quality that can be THE subscriber having accepted the agency of several got out of long leaf pine. They would respectfully solicit a L large establishments at the North, which will furnish him with no unlimited supply of finished or unfinished foreign or domestic MARBLE of all qualities, is prepared to fill
all orders for MONUMENTS AND TOMB-STONES—and
all orders for MONUMENTS AND TOMB-STONES—and
the Augusta Constitutionalist: every other article in the line of the business, at reasonable of "spiritulism:"

> SCULPTURING, LETTERING, or CARVING, executed as well as can be done either North or South. The best of reference can be given if required. JAMES MCLARANAN. March 10 1854-27-tf MOLASSES! MOLASSES!!

300 MOLASSES, in new strong packages, now land-HHDS, of superior NEW CROP CARDENAS ing from the Bark Saranac, direct from Cardenas. For sale J. & J. L. HATHAWAY & CO.

85 HHES. OF PRIME NEW WESTERN BACON SIDES and SHOULDERS. For sale by May 15.—37-1m. J. & J. L. HATHAWAY & CO.

JONES SULPHUR AND CHALVBETE SPRINGS,

Warrenton County, N. C. ant section of country, 10 miles from Warrenton, and 13 against this contaminating influence, which surely tends to the people of Kansas Territory, submit the followmiles from Henderson, at each of which places backs may THE subscriber, administrator of Elizabeth A. Houston, always be found, ready to convey visitors to the Springs -L deceased, will offer for sale, at the Court House door, in The climate is salubrious, as tested by an experience of eighthe town of Kenansville, on the 3d Monday of July next, the LANDS on which the deceased resided, lying from one to The establishment will be opened for the reception of guests The TERMS,

* week,..... 10 00 day,..... 2 00 For Children and Servants, Half Price A daily mail will be brought to the Springs throughout the season. June 26th, 1857.

FRESH ARRIVALS, per Schr. A. J. DeRossett, from 50 boxes Colgate's No. 1 pale Soap; 5 bbls. Leaf Lard; 2 chests Imperial Green Tea;

I chest Black 25 reams Wrapping Paper. Low for cash at GEO. H. KELLEY & BRO'S.

THE R. LEWIS CO., LANSING MICHIGAN WAS ASSESSED.

A. F. Beitty, New Mell (as). [4], No per builted, with their for hy 26 per are lived. [4] 110.

General Notices.

\$50 REWARD. RUNAWAY from the subscriber, recently, negro man named LEWEY, and a woman named ADE-LINE. Lewey is rather dark complected, about five fast three inches high; blind in his left eye. Adeline is low and stont built, somewhat yellow complected, toes turned in, is bow-legged, and has a large stomach.

between Magnolia, in Duplin County, and Upper Black River, in New Hanover County. I will give fifty dollars reward for the delivery of the above negroes to me, at my residence in New Hanover County, or twenty-five dollars for either, or a like sum for their confine the following report: ment in any jail in the State, so that I can get them. I will give the further sum of one hundred dollars for evidence suficient to convict any person of trying to convey them off. July 10 .- 45-3m*400. JAS L. NEWKIRK

Commencing June 20th, 1857.

THE favorite steamer POST BOY, Captain M. M. GRAY, having recently been thoroughly repaired, and furnished with special regard to the safety and omfort of passengers-

and Beaufort. Washington. Washington, Tuesdays at 5 a. m., for Hyde county, returning same day.

Beaufort, Thursdays at 6 a. m., for Portsmouth and Washington. returning same day. Fare, from Washington to Portsmouth, Washington to Beaufort, 4 00

USUAL PARE FROM WASHINGTON TO HYDE COUNTY. Meals Extra. free of extra charge G. H. BROWN, Agent.

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS WILL be paid for the apprehension and lodgement in the jail of this county, of my negro man BILL.— Said negro was purchased from Mr. Joseph String-field of Upper Black River District, and is well known WILL be paid for the apprehension and lodgement in that neighborhood Fifty dollars will also be given for proof to convict any

THE SUBSCRIBER has on hand, at his Shop corner walnut & water Streets, a general as he offers for sale, on the most reasonable terms, among which and to insert in lieu thereof the following: COACHES, BAROUCHES, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES,

WAGONS, &c. Which will be sold low. Purchasers will find it to their advantage to call and examine before buying elsewhere. Repairing done low, at short notice, and in the neatest

PIANO FORTES. TUST RECEIVED AND OPENED, one door South of my Furniture Store, a lot of very superior Pianos, from several Manufactories; the best I have ever offered in this place, sizes 64, 64, 64 and 7 Octave, rosewood cases, full round and square finish, full iron frames, &c., &c. A small advance on Manufacturers' wholesale prices, will be asked, and the usual guarantees given. JNO. D. LOVE.

Wilmington, N. C., May 8th, 1857 BANK OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA .- The stockholders of this institution, as we learn from the Standard, met in Raleigh on Monday last to act upon the question of accepting or rejecting the charter granted by the last General Assembly. Cen. S. F. Patterson of Caldwell presided, and E. B. Freeman,

Esq., was Secretary. On Monday afternoon Mr. Mordecai, the President of the Bank, addressed the stockholders at some want of adaptation to slavery of that Territory, and also its known," as are looking down upon the speaker's desk length, and in a lucid manner, on the past and presilar Institutions; and Board may be obtained in private fam- ent condition of the institution, the condition of the business of banking in the State generally, &c. deliberations on Tuesday resulted, as we learn by

The Spring Session of the New Grove Academy, for boys, letter from Raleigh, in the rejection of the charter, by a vote of 1246 to 427. We learn that the meeting was largely attended, and that the discussions were exceedingly interesting, Herald, Spirit of the Age and Newberne Express as may be supposed when we state that they were participated in, to a greater or less extent, by Mr Mordecai, President of the Bank, Mr. Badger, ex-

> Gov. Graham, B. F. Moore, Jas. B. Shepard, Wm R. Myers, Treasurer Courts, and perhaps othe s. The principal objection urged, of course, was to pay its subscription of \$500,000 (and contingently \$500,000 more,) in State bonds, whilst individuals State would be a part of the earnings of the individual stockholders' money. If the Bank choose to sell the Bonds, there is no probability that it! could realize 90 per cent, on them. There would be a loss to begin with, therefore, of at least \$50,000.

There was great reluctance, even on the part of those who felt compelled to vote against the charter, to give up the Bank. The stockholders will be subjected to great inconvenience, and probably loss, in was not safe to adopt it. These conflicts and dsstriking out there, on successive motions of various in the Georgia platform, for a violation of the principles members who looked not, in the confusion of the therein contained. closing hours of the session, to the congruity of the | Which was, on motion of Linton Stephens, of The Steam Mill in Duplin County, near Outlaw's Bridge, bill as a whole. Among other things we understand Hancock, laid upon the table. that it was shown that the right of the State to require Mr. Spalding, of Melntosh, asked to have his strued as to justify a demand for a succession of such | which reads as follows : loans of \$200,000, to an indefinite extent.

[Fayetteville Observer. THE BOSTON "SPIRITUAL" AWARD -The following is the

"The committee award that Dr. Gardner, having failed to produce before them an agent or medium who 'communicated read a word imparted to the spirits in an adjoining room, who read a word in English written inside a book or folded of Carroll: sheet of paper,' who anwerd any question 'which the superior intelligence must be able to answer,' who 'titled a piano without touching it, or cause a chair to move a foot;' and having failed to exhibit to the committee any phenomenon which, under the widest latitude of interpretation, could be regarded as equivalent to either of these proposed tests, or any phenomenon which required for its production, or in any manner indicated a force which could technically be denominated spiritual, or which was hitherto unknown to science, or a phenomenon of which the cause was not palhable to the committee, is, therefore, not entitled to claim from the Boston Courier the proposed premium of five hundred dollars. lost, and it was then referred to a select committee, "It is the opinion of the committee, derived from observa- | who reported the following : tion, that any connection with spiritualistic circles, so-called, corrupts the morals and degrades the intellect. They, therefore, deem it their solemn duty to warn the community

lessen the truth of man and the purity of woman. The poet Holmes once got out of patience during a rainy The weather-cock has rested east, The blue sky is forgotten;

The earth's a staturated sponge. And vegetation' rotten. I hate to see the darkest side: I hate to be complaining-But hang me, if my temper stands This raining, raining, raining !

A young man in England lately had a needle penetrate his breast and enter his heart, breaking short off, and leaving nearly three fourths of an inch of steel in the muscles. To extract the needle, the surgeon laid bare the surface of the heart, and the portion of the needle drawn out with forceps. Inflamation had set in; but it is regarded as a most uncommon operation and singular accident, showing that even the heart itself may sustain a sharp wound without death important of the needle drawn out without death important of the needle drawn out with forceps. The Herodome and caimate, is unsuitable to slave labor, thereby gratuitously throwing the weight of the surface of the Ollowing good story:

Some time ago, one of the Some time ago, one of the collowing good story:

Some time ago, one of the collowing good story:

Some time ago, one of the sold was about to excomment and efficial position against the ultimate success of the pro-slavery party.

Therefore, Resulved, That we regard the said recomment and efficial position against the ultimate success.

Some time ago, one of the collowing good story:

Some time ago, one of the collowing good story:

Some time ago, one of the collowing good story:

Some time ago, one of the collowing good story:

Some time ago, one of the collowing good story:

Some time ago, one of the collowing good story:

Some time ago, one of the collowing of the last Congress. The Herodom and arguments of Goo.gia to cede to the United states exclusive jurisdiction over the portion of the infand outside, and voted not to receive him, unless he should be repaired.

but off were if Yallisting harestant as highly and to soull can a general edgine of bloodshots and their effect was earThe Georgia and Mississippi Resolutions,

matters of interest and importance in the political events that are approaching. We accordingly lay before our leaders, for the better understanding of the position of the Conventions, a fuller report of the The above negroes may probably be larking somewhere proceedings than we have heretofere found it convenient to do. The following are the resolutions of

the Georgia Convention: The chairman of the committee on resolutions made The committee of twenty-four, to whom was assigned the

duty of preparing matter for the action of this convention, ask leave to report the following resolutions as expressive of increased confidence in the platform of principles adopted by the Cincinnati Convention of 1856, and which were made triumphant in the election of James Buchanan of the Presi-

dency of these United States. the patriotism, fidelity and ability of Mr. Buchanan and Leaves Washington Saturdays at 6 a. m. for Portsmouth his administration, that he will hold even the scales of justice between the different sections of this Union, and prove Beaufort, Mondays at 6 a. m., for Portsmouth and faithful to the great principles of justice and equality which Clay was on its last pilgrimage to Ashland. procured his election.

3. Resolved, That the inaugural address of Gov. Walker,

n prescribing the terms on which Congress should admit Washington, Wednesdays at 6 a. m., for Portsmouth Kansas into the Union, and in attempting to dictate the sub-" Washington, Fridays at 5 a. m., for Hyde County, the same address, in expressing his official opinion that Kansas would become a free State, and in presenting arguments Hyde County to Beaufort, via Washington, 4 00 | the principles which carried him into office by recalling Gov. Walker

4 Resolved. That we highly approve of the course of our ing the destinies of a people. Passengers will be landed at Portsmouth or Beaufort | Senators, the Hon. Robert Toombs and the Hon Alfred Iverson; they have faithfully served the State in the public councils, and deserve and should receive the approbation and

hason the expression of our approbation and esteem; his ninistration has been wise and just, and he has proved nself a fit ruler to guide the destinies of our beloved State. Judge Thomas supported the resolutions in a sound, logical, and forcible address. Hon. A. R. Wright, Floyd, presented a minority report as tollows:

Augustus R. Wright, one of the committee of 24, begs leave to dissent from that part of the report of e committee which relates to Gov. Walker's insortment of CARRIAGES, of his own manufacture. Which augural, and the action of the President thereon, Resolved, That this convention regards the inaugural of

lov. Walker, of Kansas, as a direct and palpable violation of the covenant of the Kansas and Nebraska act, and of the Cincinnati platform. the constitution when framed should be submitted to the peo-

tide resident settlers, who shall be by law entitled and quali- associations. fied voters. Resolved, That Gov. Walker's official interference in reerence to the character of the constitution to be framed, if approbation of the President.

stitute for the third resolution, viz

onstitution and admission into the Union as a State, which are regarded as infringing upon the doctrine of non-interven- at this moment. Resolved, That any interference on the part of the present No discussion took place on Monday. But the or any future territorial governor or other federal official, which is designed or calculated in the remotest degree t give direction to public sentiment, or lend the influence of

non-intervention, should receive the unqualified disapproval of this convention. Resolved, That when the people of Kansas who, under the heid. gal territorial organization thereof, are entitled to exercise he elective tranchise fairly, without fraud within or inter- duty it is to be the representatives of the respect and vention from without, make a constitution, and either di Gov. Swain, ex-Gov. Manly, ex-Gov. Morehead, ex | rectly from a State convention or a vote of ratification by he people, as they may choose, present the same to Congress

provided their constitution is republican in form. Which motion was laid upon the table The minority report was then offered as a substi- The coffin stands on a dais in front of the Speaker's ng result :

All the counties voting against the substitute ex-Chattonga, Clarke, Floyd, Hall, McIntosh, Ogle-Sessions of Cherokee, J. W. H. Underwood of Floyd, telles.

against the substitute. The third, fourth and fifth resolutions were then coat, and vest and pantaloons-wherein it moved out and carried with great unanimity.

Resolved. That it is the sense of this convention that the uestion of submitting the constitution that may be framed the East side of Black River, and adjoining the lands of changing their investments. But besides the above by the Kansas convention when hereafter assembled to the picvisions, the charter is so loosely worded, some people pertains wholly to that convention alone. And should sections conflicting so essentially with others, that it the above-mentioned constitution recognize slavery in Kansas, whether submitted to the people for ratification or rejection or not, and should Congress reject the application of crepancies were pointed out, clearly, so that the in- Kansas for admission into the Union on the ground that the genuity of man might be defied to construe and re- constitution was not ratified by the people, such action on concile its provisions. These were accounted for by the part of Congress would be a violation of the principles of the Circinnati platform, and would require the adoption on should teach us the true path of glory, and a suppli- position. Although it was not generally known that machines or any other in use. I have an experience of 13 removed his Steam Mill to 71 mile post, W. & W. R. R. burg.) as caused by the tacking on here, and the the part of Georgia of the measures laid down as a last resort

Randolph Spalding, of Melatosh, protests against that portion of the third resolution of the committee of twentyour that calls upon the President to remove Mr. Walker. To these we append the following report of the ac-

tion of the Missi-sippi Convention, as reported in In the State Convention of the Democratic party, from the hearts of the people. held at Jackson, Mississippi, on the 22d ultimo, the following resolution was introduced by Mr. George

Resolved, That the conduct of the Hon. Robert J. Walkers lovernor of Kansas Territory, in obtruding his official advice upon the people thereof, as to the mode in which they should adopt their Constitution, and declaring in his inaugural address that Kansas was unfit for slavery, was a violation of a cherished principle of the Democratic party, viz: of non-intervention on the subject of slavery in the Territories, and deserves the unqualified condemnation of every Democrat of every section of the country.

The committee to whom was referred the resolu tion relative to the inaugural address of Gov. Walker ing report :

A motion to lay this resolution on the table was

And whereas, Gov. Walker further suggests that Kansas, breast and enter his heart, breaking short off, and leaving by reason of its geographical position and climate, is unsuit-

the first the first property and the first state of

13. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 17, 1857, and 1 1857,

the Union, a dictatorial intermeddling with the performance, The resolutions passed by the Democratic Convens of a high public duty already entrusted by law to a conventions of Georgia and Mississippi, in reference to the Course of Gov Walker in Kansas, promise to be spect meets the unqualified condemnation of this convention. The report was upanimously adopted. The post-

party of this State. The only difference between the

State, by its resolutions in Convention, has presume !

by recalling Walker .- Federal (Ga.,) Union.

Funeral of Governor Marcy. The funeral of Mr. Marcy, which took place at the opinions of this convention on all matters that it is es-sential for them to take action upon at this time:—

Albany on Wednesday, was one of the most impos-ing ever witnessed in that city. A dispatch to the ing ever witnessed in that city. A dispatch to the 1. Resolved, That we declare our continued adherence and New York papers gives the following details of the

There is a large audience gathered in Albany today to pay tribute and give fitting burial to the last 2. Resolved, That we declare our continued confidence in remains of William Learned Marcy-a more numerous and apparently sincere array of mourners than

From all parts of the State-nay, from all parts of the Union-there is gathered here an innumerable mission of their Constitution for ratification, and to what litical destinies alike of the Union and the State .matters over which he has no legitimate control; and that of mourning—a city which, to its utmost extent throughout its length and breadth, has put on the to support that side of the question, is a gross departure from "trappings and the signs of woe." Through all the the principles of non-intervention and neutrality which were streets you see not only the silent and thoughtful expression of the face, but as well the sable drapery of black, that betokens the going out of a great lightthe quenching of a fire that has been a beacon guid-

At the request and by the direction of Hon. Erastus Corning, the Central Railroad Company provided confidence of a free and intelligent people.

a special train for the conveyance of the remains of the deceased from Ballston to this city. The cars a special train for the conveyance of the remains of and the engine were heavily draped in black. Amid the tolling of bells, the booming of cannon, and the roll of muffled drums, the train passed into the depot. Here the body was taken in charge by the Burgesses Corps, and was at once conveyed to the capitol, where it lay in state until 11 o'clock, when the doors were closed in order to make preparations for the final ceremonies.

From their first arrival until the tomb closes upon the remains, ninute guns are to be fired, and the march to the cemetery is to be to the deep, solemn music of tolling bells.

Long previous to the hour named for the ovation, the approaches to the capitol were densely thronged. Resolved, That we approve of that portion of his instruc- The authorities of Syracuse, Utica, Schenectady and tions which indicates it to be the will of the President that Troy came to the city in full numbers. The entire ple of the Territory, and the further qualification indicated military organizations of these cities were also presby Gov. Walker that voters ought to be then the actual bona ent, as were large numbers of civic and charitable

At 1 o'clock the doors of the galleries were opened, and at once the seats were crowded to excess. it does not involve his removal, calls for the unqualified dis- In a short time after the doors of the main floor are opened, and the delegation of the cities of Syracuse, John W. H. Underwood, of Floyd, and Linton and Utica, and Schenectady and Troy, and the stu-Stephens, of Hancock, addressed the convention in dents of Union College are admitted to the seats on favor of the majority report. The resolutions report- the right of the chamber. The form of Dr. Nott, the ed by the committee were received with but few dis- associate and compeer of the deceased-his head whitened with the frost of age-still erect and ap-

The resolutions were then read and voted upon parently in his full vigor, appears at the head of the separately. The first and second resolutions passed class from the college. unanimously. Mr. Fielder, of Polk, offered a sub- Rapidly the seats appropriated to the use of the friends and mourners of the deceased, and the State Whereas, the Hon. R. J. Walker, in his late inaugural and city authorities, were crowded to excess. It is address to the people of Kansas, has given expression to sen- seldom that you will see a panorama, where are to be timents in regard to the climate, temperature, and implied found the faces of so many of the "knowing and

I can see here many who have been most carnest and determined in their hostility to the political prin ciples of the deceased, down whose furrowed the ks the tears are coursing now-the silent yet unimpeacathe federal government for that purpose upon the subject of able witnesses of a respect and admiration which on lavery, for or against it, being contrary to the doctrine of ly the pride and the prejudices, and at times the pol icy of political discipline, could have so long with And now there stands around the coffin those whose

reverence wherein the peop e of the State hold the virtues and the services of their servants. Ex-Pres and ask for admission as a State, whether the same be for or idents Van Buren and Pierce; Gov. King, ex-Govs. against slavery, it is the duty of Congress to admit them, Bouck, Seymour, Hunt and Fish, and Senators Seward and King, and Gen. Wool, are among the pall-

nte for the third resolution, which, after some dis- desk. It is of solid rosewood, with silver handles cussion, was voted upon by counties with the follow- and mountings. It has on it a plain silver plate, bearing this inscription : "William L. Marcy, died July 4, 1857, aged 70

years, 5 months and 22 days." A beautiful wreath of fragrant flavers surrounds horpe, Polk, Pulaski, Union equally divided. J. M. this inscription, and the dais is strewn with immorand G. W. Jordan of Pulaski, recorded their votes Not even the face is opened to the public view .--The body is clothed in the same habiliments-the

through the halls of the capitol but a few days since, proceedings in committee of supply. Hon. H. Buchanan, of Coweta, offered the follow- apparently in the full strength of a mature but not decaying manhood. Dr. Nott commenced the funeral ceremonies by invoking the guidance and support of Divine Provimoral of the scene before him-the end and the aim while he was lying on his couch reading a book, -a touching, impassioned recital of our wants and er with the naturalness of his expression and absence the Georgia platform of 185", the Kansas-Nebraska bill, and our infirmities-a solemn plea for the wisdom that of distortion in his features, countenances this sun-

struggle of life.

tege moved towards the place of interment the procession occupies fifty two minutes in passing, der, we suppose, to correspond with most of the othand represents, in its numbers and its charactermost er portraits of eminent men in the gallery. Mr. of the material and mental wealth of the State.

Knower family vault ber of those to whose memory will be awarded, such taken sitting in his chair-a posture rather more faan ovation-an ovation of surpassing brilliancy and miliar to the old man of late years than any other.effect-an ovation that seemed to spring spontaneously At all events, the likeness itself, which is the last

Directors in Railway Companies. At a meeting of the Internal Improvement, held at the Executive office in this City on Tuesday last, present, His Excellency Gov. Bragg and N. E. Cannady and John U. Kirkland, Esq'rs, the following appointments were made: Directors of the North Carolina Kailway Company—Paul . Cameron, of Orange; Rob't P. Dick, of Guilford; Phil. B. Hawkins, of Franklin; William T. Dortch, of Wayne; Sam'l

sentative. Directors in the Atlantic and North-Carolina Company ... George S. Stevenson, A. T. Jerkins, E. A. Thompson Counil Wooten, Lewis C. Desmond, Isaac Ramsay, Levi Oglesby, and Fred. P. Latham.

BOUND FOR SEBASTOPOL .- The Constantinople correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce wrote as follows on the 5th ult. : "Colonel Lane and Mr. Lee, of the Boston Relief and buttoned up his pockets, and trided away, exclaim-

people of Kansas Territory, declared it to be his "clear conviction that unless the convention"—called by law to form sian ships of war sunk in its harbor. They have purchased ing "sculptur's riz!" a constitution for that I errifory—" submit the constitution and taken possession of an American steamer now lying in to the vote of all the actual settlers of Kansas"—at the time this port, called the General Knox. Another company of The vote in all the border counties of Kansas at the late of such submission-" it will be, and ought to be rejected by which Mr. Gowan is the agent, lately passed down the election for the members of the Constitutional Convention Danube on his way to Odessa for the same purpose. It reached 1,595. It appears that a majority of the delegates And whereas, the law of Kansas, authorizing the call of is said that Mr. Gowan and his associate sport a full dress elected are pledged to put the constitution to a popular vote. said convention and prescribing its duties, makes no provis- American uniform, the one as a colonel, and the other a Most of the Missouri papers favor that plan. The idea of ion for such submission to the then settlers of Kansas, nor major, with swords and cocked hats, and plumes, which can the delegates is to draft a constitution silent on slavery, and prohibits Congress from admitting the same without such not fail to impress the Russsian braves of Sebastopol with to submit to a seprate vote a clause establishing the instituthe fire-eating qualities of American republicans, with the odor of the ship still strong upon them.

interests of the pro-slavery party in Kansas and throughout turned in as good condition as when delivered to the church. right of the property of the bearing of the bearing of the bearing of the property of the bearing of the bearin the standard of the standard o

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements ordered to be continued on the ir side charged 374 cents per square for each insertion after the first. Advertisements, upon which the number of insertions is not marked, will be continued until ordered out, and charged 25 cents per square for each insertion after the first.

AT No advertisement, reflecting upon private characte can under ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, be admitted

The Bombardment of Greytown, By the last Liverpool steamer we received a full report of the debate which took place in the British House of Commons, on the 19th ult, on the bombardment of Greytewn. In reply to the interrogatories tion of the Democracy of Mississippi upon Walker's of Lord Hamilton as to "what steps her Majesty's Kansas policy is identical with that of the Democratic Government had taken to obtain compensation for the British subjects residing at Greytown when that town two upon the whole subject is, that the party in this was bombarded in 1854," Lord Palmerston said :

"He was bound to say that the transaction was

that the President will do his duty in the premises one which must be characterized as a very violent and cruel proceeding. It was, however, authorised by the Government of the United States, though whether they meant it to be carried out with such severity as took place, or whether the officer, (who, he believed, was a distinguished and honorable officer in the United States service) mistook his instructions, he could not say; but he was bound to state that the severity which was exercised reflected no credit on the Government which ordered or on the officer which executed it. [Hear, hear.] But the question which her Majesty's Government had to consider was the international law which bore upon I have ever before met, save when the body of Henry that point. Now, it was an unquestionable principle of international law, that when one Government deemed it right to exercise acts of hostility against any part of the territory of another power, the subjects or citizens of a third power, who might happen to be residents in the place class of persons, constitutes a presumptious interference in And they came not to a house, but literally to a city so attacked, had no claim whatever upon the Government which, in the exercise of its natural rights, committed those acts of hostility. When, for instance, it was deemed neressary by us to destroy the town of Sebastopol, although there might have been there Germans, Spaniards, Portuguese or Americans, none of those parties had any ground whatever upon which to found a claim either upon the English or the French government for compensation for the losses they might have sustained. Those who went to a foreign country must abide the chances which might befall that country. If they had any claim at all, it must be upon the country in which they were; but they had certainly no claim upon the government which thought it right to commit the acts of hostility. Her Majesty's government had, therefore, been advised (and he thought rightly) that British subjects had no ground upon which a claim could be made upon the government of the United States for compensation for the injuries which they had suffered in that attack upon Greytown. They might think that that attack was not justified by the cause which was assigned for it; but we had no right, as an independent State, to judge of the motives which might have actuated another independent State to assert rights or to vinuicate injuries which its citizens or subjects might have been supposed to have sustained. There was nothing, too, in the relation between Great Britain and Greytown which gave us an exceptional right to interfere. Greytown was a part of the Mosquito territory, which was under our protectorship. That was a protectorship which carried with it an obligation to protect the country from conquest, but it did not give us a right to interfere in any dispute which might arise between that country ard any other. There were two sorts of protectorships. There was one of the kind which we exercised over the Ionion islands, where nothing was done except by the advice and counsel of a British representative. In a case like that, where we were responsible for everything done, we were entitled to require redress for any injuries, and to vindicate any attack. Not so with regard to Greytown .-Greytown was administered by a self-constituted and self-elected municipality, consisting of Americans, Englishmen, Frenchmen, Italians and Germans. They acted upon their own responsibility and they must, therefore, be considered responsi ble, and not we, for any dispute in which they might be involved. Well, there was a dispute between two rival American transit companies, one of which was patroniz d by the self-constitued government, and the other by the government of the United States; and out of the rivalry of those two Americ n companies arose the transactions to which the noble ond had referred. Communications had undoub early passed between the British and American governments with a view to escertain what the in entions of he American government wire, and they found that the American government rested upon the principle of international law to which he (the noble Viscount) had alverted -- their right, namely, to take those measures which, in their judgment, they deemed necessary-and they determined not to give any compensation even to their own citizens. He was not aware whether any demand had been actually made by the subjects of the other powers, but it was known that they did not mean to give any compensation to the French, Germans, Spaniards, or persons of any other nation who were settled at Greytown at the bombardment. Her Majesty's government, acting under the advice of those who were competent to give an opinion, and acting also in accordance with their own opinion of international law, were not prepared to insist upon compensation for those who were unfortunate enough to have suffered from the

Mr. Marcy's Last Portrait.

bombardment. The noble Viscount then proceeded

to appeal to Sir D. Norreys not to press a motion

which he had on the paper, with reference to the

The New York Evening Post says : Dr. Sprague, read portions of scripture ap- "Mr. Marcy appears to have died from disease of opriate to the time and the occasion; and Dr. the heart. He was not of an apoplectic habit, and llague, in a few brie', eloquent sentences, traced the the suddenness of his death-the heart ceasing to beat of life; and then Dr. Welch made the closing prayer which dropped upon his breast as he expired-togeth cation for the strength and fortitude to susiain the he was subject to the heart disease, Mr. Marcy on one occasion during his last visit in this city evinced After the conclusion of these ceremonies the cor- in an unmistakable manner the symptoms of the fatal disease. While having his photograph taken by With a somewhat faster movement than is general Brady he was requested by the artist to stand, in or Marcy, however, attempted it in vain, the palpitation At the cemetery the remains were deposited in the of his heart requiring him either to sit or move about. His restlessness was so noticeable in the ef-Few men will merit, and still less will be the num- fort of standing for his picture that he was finally ever taken of the great statesman, is perfect. His garments are a little more glossy and fresh than in the original, but the face, the features, and what Shakspeare called the 'visage of his mind' are there. The shrewd, wise, half smile with which, when, in a jocose and amiable mood, he would at once please baffle those of his friends who tried to know more of his mind than he chose to reveal-an expression which sent the quidnuncs of Washington empty but Horgrave, of Davidson; John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover; which sent the quidnuncs of Washington empty but Giles Mebane, of Alamance; and John I. Shaver, of Rowan. not wholly dis-atisfied away—is here caught and per-The Hon. Thomas Ruffin was appointed the State's repre- petuated with a grace almost beyond the reach of

> LIMITED VIEWS OF SCULPTURE. - A Western man rather a novice in European travel, once visited Pow ers' studio at Florence, and after gazing upon its array of busts and figures a while, inquired the price of a statue which caught his fancy; being told \$3,-

SITE FOR THE BRUNSWICK NAVAL DEPOT .- We learn from Cutter Wast origin, of every curred belowed slaving.

Place to send thereon has a sent that we shall taid the day in tent can McRae, Assertion Usert of the same passets. The Store a professes was strainly acquired the quantity of public hoofs will not be an in the passets. The quantity of public hoofs will not be a strainly acquired to a store of the base of the professes.

ger in the Araga.